

Participants Guide

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Our mission is to make disciples of Jesus Christ for the *transformation* of the world. We do this by *offering* Christ, *nurturing* one another, and *serving* all.

Session 1 Growing in Our Faith

Who are we? (Historically, Theologically, Denominationally)

Getting to know you — Introduce Your New Friend

Sit next to someone you don't know. Each partner will have about a minute to ask questions to learn a little about the other partner. You will then have about 30 seconds to introduce them to the group.

Here are a few questions you might ask:

- Where are you from?
- How long have you been coming to Auburn UMC?
- What would you like to tell me about your family?
- Where have you connected best so far at Auburn UMC?

Take some notes about your partner here:

Our Doctrinal History

1800's, John, his brother, Charles, and a few of their friends, believed the church in England was "" to the needs of the world around them.
The England was to the needs of the world around them.
They were young Christian leaders who went about serving the world and learning
about God in a very way. Their peers made fun of them and
called them "Methodists," a term that was not particularly endearing at the time.
Their ministry turned into a, which eventually turned into
a denomination. Now we are part of the United Methodist Church, a group of
Christians who worship, serve, and connect to the world in the
tradition.
The spirit of charity takes into consideration the limits of human understanding. "To be ignorant of many things and to be mistaken in some," Wesley observed, "is the necessary condition of humanity."
In essentials,;
in non-essentials,;
and in all things,

_ is the founder of the Methodist movement. In the mid- to late-

Take a few moments to read this excerpt from the United Methodist Book of Discipline:

The pioneers in the traditions that flowed together into The United Methodist Church understood themselves as standing in the central stream of Christian spirituality and doctrine, loyal heirs of the authentic Christian tradition. In John Wesley's words, theirs was "the old religion, the religion of the Bible, the religion... of the whole church in the purest ages." Their gospel was **grounded in the biblical message of God's self-giving love revealed in Jesus Christ**.

Wesley's portrayal of the spiritual pilgrimage in terms of "the scripture way of salvation" provided their model for **experiential Christianity**. They assumed and insisted upon the integrity of basic Christian truth and emphasized its practical application in the lives of believers.

This perspective is apparent in the Wesleyan understanding of the "catholic spirit." While it is true that United Methodists are fixed upon certain religious affirmations, grounded in the gospel and confirmed in their experience, they also recognize the right of Christians to disagree on matters such as forms of worship, structures of church government, modes of Baptism, or theological explorations. They believe such differences do not break the bond of fellowship that ties Christians together in Jesus Christ. Wesley's familiar dictum was, "As to all opinions which do not strike at the root of Christianity, we think and let think."

But, even as they were fully committed to the principles of religious toleration and theological diversity, they were equally confident that there is a "marrow" of Christian truth that can be identified and that must be conserved. This living core, as they believed, stands revealed in Scripture, illumined by tradition, vivified in personal and corporate experience, and confirmed by reason. They were very much aware, of course, that God's eternal Word never has been, nor can be, exhaustively expressed in any single form of words.

They were also prepared, as a matter of course, to reaffirm the ancient creeds and confessions as valid summaries of Christian truth. But they were careful not to set them apart as absolute standards for doctrinal truth and error.

Beyond the essentials of vital religion, United Methodists respect the diversity of opinions held by conscientious persons of faith. Wesley followed a time-tested approach:

"In essentials, unity; in non-essentials, liberty; and in all things, charity."

The spirit of charity takes into consideration the limits of human understanding. "To be ignorant of many things and to be mistaken in some," Wesley observed, "is the necessary condition of humanity." The crucial matter in religion is steadfast love for God and neighbor, empowered by the redeeming and sanctifying work of the Holy Spirit.

In the 18th c. the word "charity" meant **LOVE**. It means we are expected to show love, no matter what

Here are some things we think are essential to our faith? What might be non-essential?

Non-essential

How do we come to an understanding of those things that are essential in our faith?

- Study of _____
 and other Christian literature
- with pastors and teachers
- Regular attendance in ______
- Participation in a _____ group
- Personal and corporate

How do we discern God's will for our lives?

This is a difficult question to answer. We believe that God is actively shaping and continuing the work of creation in our world. But what does that look like for us personally, for our church, for our community?

As United Methodists, we historically have used Wesley's "Quadrilateral" to help us try to understand what God may desire of us...

1.						

- Scripture is the primary source of how God's nature is revealed to us. In Scripture we discover who God is and who we are in relationship to God.
- Is the source of all that is "necessary" and "sufficient" for salvation and faith practice
- Take time this week to read What do UM's believe about the Bible.

2.

- We look to the history of the church to help us discern what our predecessors have understood about scripture and their faith over the centuries.
- We do this with the help of our creeds, our liturgies, the ancient writings of the church, and even with modern thought about theology from contemporary writers.
- When we talk about tradition in this sense, we are not talking about worship style. People all across our world worship God in many ways.

What do United Methodists believe about the Bible?

United Methodists share with other Christians the conviction that Scripture is the primary source and criterion for Christian doctrine. Through Scripture the living Christ meets us in the experience of redeeming grace. We are convinced that Jesus Christ is the living Word of God in our midst whom we trust in life and death.

As we open our minds and hearts to the Word of God through the words of human beings inspired by the Holy Spirit, faith is born and nourished, our understanding is deepened, and the possibilities for transforming the world become apparent to us.

The Bible is sacred canon for Christian people, formally acknowledged as such by historic ecumenical councils of the church. Our doctrinal standards identify as canonical thirty-nine books of the Old Testament and the twenty-seven books of the New Testament.

Our standards affirm the Bible as the source of all that is "necessary" and "sufficient" unto salvation (Articles of Religion) and "is to be received through the Holy Spirit as the true rule and guide for faith and practice" (Confession of Faith).

We properly read Scripture within the believing community, informed by the tradition of that community.

Wesley's Quadrilateral (Continued)

3							
J .							

- We all experience God in many different ways. We learn about our faith from our own experiences of God.
- For Wesley, experiencing God was equally as important as having an intellectual understanding of theology. He valued and communicated a faith that impacted both the heart and the mind.
- We also learn from the experiences that others have of God.
 - The great cloud of witnesses who have gone before us (Hebrews 12:1-12)
 - The priesthood of all believers (1 Peter 2:1-17)
 - The Body of Christ (1 Corinthians 12:12-31)

- Wesley believed that people are reasonable and should draw upon their own understanding in their discernment of God. However, to Wesley, reason was grounded on a thorough understanding of both scripture and tradition.
 - How does this feel?
 - Does this make sense?
 - Is this right?

We believe that, as we are shaping and understanding our faith, we must be prepared to do *two* things:

- Understand that there are some things we will just never _____ this side of heaven.
- Be open to being ______ by
 God. If we think we know all the answers,
 we may miss an opportunity for God to
 do a work in our hearts and minds.

The Image of God

How we think about God shapes how we see the world. We believe that all persons are created in the <i>image of God</i> , and therefore possess <i>inestimable value</i> . We are made in God's image, but often we try to make God reflect our image. The idea of the image of God is about the attributes of God not about
attributes. We are created by love,
in love, with love, and for love.
What are some characteristics of God?
We believe that all persons are a COGPOW

The Work of God

We believe that God loves this world and that God most often chooses to work in this world through The church is not a building. The church is people, particularly those who say and behave like they are followers of Jesus Christ (we sometimes call them).
We believe that salvation comes through in God. We are not saved by the things we do; however, the Bible teaches us that, "Faith by itself, if it has no works, is dead." (James 2:14-19)
Disciples are the "" of God's Kingdom, the managers of God's creation. We, as followers of Christ, partner in the work of God because of an outflowing of love to those whom God created. We do this as a response to the we have in our own lives—because God loves
us, and as we love God, we also love others. We feed people
because they are hungry, and we love them when they seem
unlovable.
Wesley believed that there is no holiness withoutholiness. In other words, because God loves us, we take action, together in community as the Body of Christ, to demonstrate God's love in and to the world.

Auburn UMC in Mission

Take a careful look at our logo. It says a lot about who we are, and it has been carefully crafted to symbolize important aspects of our relationship to our Auburn community.



offer, nurture, serve, transform.

The cross at the top of our steeple is the highest point in Auburn. It is a great reminder that our roots run as deep as our steeple is high.

There have been Methodists in ministry on the corner of Magnolia and Gay since 1837. Methodists established a church here, influenced the development of our loveliest village, and helped to give birth to the university that is an essential part of our community.

We are reminded with the "UMC" that we are connected in ministry to a global organization of the Body of Christ, participating in the work of *transforming* our world into the image of Christ. At Auburn UMC, we do this by *offering* Christ, *nurturing* others, and *serving* all.

Auburn UMC - Our Organization

We believe that all followers of Christ are by God to
participate in the transforming work of the world through
and radical
members of the United Methodist Church are, by history and calling,
the principal active advocates of the gospel of Jesus Christ. The
everyday living witness of the laity of our church is the primary ministry through
which we will fulfill our mission to make disciples of Jesus Christ for the
transformation of the world. (UMC Discipline \P 127) While our clergy have significant
influence in the community, our laity are always impacting the community
in their families, workplaces, schools, places of recreation, etc.
The United Methodist Church ordains clergy persons as <i>Elders</i> and <i>Deacons</i> .
Our <i>Elders</i> are called to <i>word and sacrament</i> . They are responsible for
ordering the whole life of the church, as well as administering our
two sacraments, and
Licensed Local Pastors serve local churches in a role similar to that of an Elder
but are not yet ordained or may not feel a call to ordination.
 Ordained Elders: Rev. Dr. Cory Smith, Rev. Charles Cummings

What is hospitality?

Hospitality at Auburn UMC happens when we create an *inviting* and *caring* environment where all who come are *welcomed* as a part of God's family.

• Licensed Local Pastor: Rev. Kelli Hitchman-Craig

What do United Methodists believe about the ministry of the laity?

UMC Book of Discipline ¶ 130. Faithful Ministry

The people of God, who are the church made visible in the world, must convince the world of the reality of the gospel or leave it unconvinced. There can be no evasion or delegation of this responsibility; the church is either faithful as a witnessing and serving community, or it loses its vitality and its impact on an unbelieving world.

laity [noun]: the people of a religious faith as distinguished from its clergy.

Our **Deacons** are called to **word and service**. Their ministry is focused on **connecting the church to the world** in God's transforming mission to make disciples of Jesus Christ.

 Ordained Deacons: Rev. John Fox, Rev. Sarah Goolsby, Rev. Julie Hare, and Rev. Chris Kelsey

In addition to our clergy, Auburn UMC employs full-time and part-time paid staff to carry out the day-to-day ministry and business of our church. We have ______ staff members who are responsible for organizing and implementing our program ministries, such as Christian education for children, youth, and older adults, as well as worship and music. Our administrative staff helps our program ministries run smoothly and makes sure that we are keeping up with our membership, our finances, and our facilities.

Looking Ahead...

John Wesley was asked what was important for daily living as a Christian. He responded with three "rules" that we still try to follow in our modern Wesleyan tradition:

l			

2. _____

3. _____

The first two are fairly self-explanatory, but with the third one, Wesley had some specific things in mind to help us stay in love with God. Over the next two weeks we will explore what it means to be a faithful and intentional follower of Christ in our daily lives, trying each day to stay in love with God.

We encourage you to *pray* for your church, your pastors, and your community.

We also encourage you to try to *read a little each day in your Bible*. Start with Matthew in the New Testament and just try to read one chapter each day. If you're not already in the habit of reading your Bible every day, this is a great way to get started.

Monday - Read *Matthew Chapter 1*.

What is one word or phrase that stood out to you in this chapter?

Tuesday - Read *Matthew Chapter 2*.

What is one word or phrase that stood out to you in this chapter?

Wednesday - Read Matthew Chapter 3.

What is one word or phrase that stood out to you in this chapter?

Thursday - Read Matthew Chapter 4.

What is one word or phrase that stood out to you in this chapter?

Friday - Read *Matthew Chapter 5*.

What is one word or phrase that stood out to you in this chapter?

Saturday - Read Matthew Chapter 6.

What is one word or phrase that stood out to you in this chapter?

Session 2 Having a Living Faith

What does it mean to be a faithful disciple of Jesus Christ?

Getting	to	know	you
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Pair up or get together with a few others. Spend a few moments answering the question:

"What brings you joy?"

Tell	about	some	ething	g you	real	ly enj	joy	doir	ıg.	Kee	p it	bri	ef
and	make	sure	every	one	gets	time	to	talk	if th	ney	war	nt to).

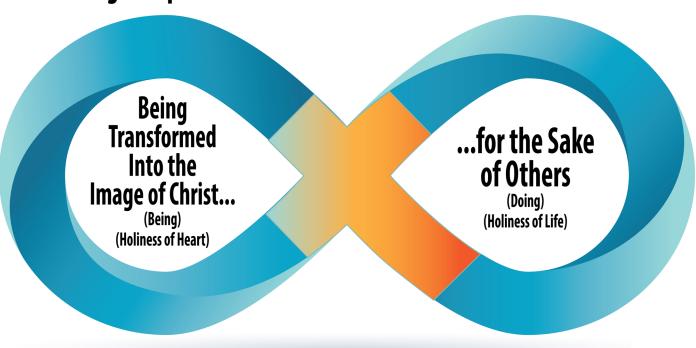
What did you learn about the others in your group?					

Discipleship: Holiness of Heart and Holiness of Life

•	ant parts of the Christian life:
our and our	John Wesley talked about
	have balance with both <i>holiness of heart</i>
and <i>holiness of life</i> . B	eing a faithful follower of Jesus,
a, m	neans that we are being transformed
	hrist for the sake of others.
It is important that we	e have an <i>intellectual</i> and <i>emotional</i>
	faith. Holiness of heart explores the questions we have about faith,
	e. Spending time in <i>worship, bible study,</i>
discipleship training,	and other similar types of activities help
us to grow in our faith	and learn more about who God is and
who we are in relation	ship to God.
	t part of our Christian walk where others
see	of our faith. When we practice
hospitality, speak kind	dly to others, have patience in moments
of frustration, or help	people in need, we are living out our
faith. This is all part o	f a culture of hospitality and service
that is critical to being	g a Christian.

The word "Holy" means to be set apart for God's purposes.

Making disciples of Jesus for the transformation of the world.



This week, we will spend most of our time exploring our "being." Next week will spend more time talking about our "doing."

The Trinity

There is one God, and the world **experiences God** in three ways. As Christians, we acknowledge our understanding of God as "_____" — which means consisting of three-in-one.

Divide up into three smaller groups. Each group should take one of these sections, read the short passages, and fill in the blanks. Choose one person in your group to briefly share your answers with the whole class. All the Biblical references below come from the *New Revised Standard Version*, which is the official translation of the UMC.

God the _____

- Genesis 2:4-9 God is the _____
- Isaiah 43:1-3 God is the ______, _____, and _____
- Psalm 23 God is my _____
- 1 John 4:7-8 God is _____

The word "trinity" does not appear anywhere in the Bible. Before the concept of the trinity was ever a doctrine as expressed in our Christian creeds, it was an *experience* of the early followers of Jesus Christ. The *mystery* of trinity will always remain, and our languages are insufficient to capture the mystery.

God the	
 Matthew 1:21-25 — 	_ – which means "God is with us"
 Luke 1:26-33 — His name will be 	e called
• John 1:1-5 — Jesus is the	of God
• John 9:1-7 — Jesus is the	of the World
 John 10:1-18 — Jesus is the Goo 	d
 John 13:12-17 — Jesus is our 	and
 John 14:1-7 — Jesus is the 	, the,
and the	
 John 15:5-11 — Jesus is the 	so that we may bear fruit
 Mark 10:42-45 — Jesus is the 	and gave

God the _____

his life as _____

• Luke 24:44-47 — Jesus is the _____

• 2 Timothy 1:8-10 — Jesus is our _____

- John 14:15-17 the Holy Spirit is our _____
- John 14:25-26 The Holy Spirit is our _____
- Acts 1:6-8 The Holy Spirit _____ us
- 1 Corinthians 12:4-7 The Holy Spirit is a giver of _____
- Galatians 5:22-26 The Holy spirit produces _____ in us

God's Grace and our Salvation

We believe that G	od loves us and loves this	wonderful
world. God wants	the best for us and wants	us to remain in
right	with God.	
Scripture and Chr	istian tradition teach us th	nat God has
given us	, which is God's gift (of <i>forgiveness</i>
and love. God's gr	race is <i>undeserved and un</i>	<i>merited</i> , which
means there is no	thing we can do to	it. As
Wesleyans, we be	lieve that God <i>forgives out</i>	r <i>sins</i> , that
God's grace	us our whole	e lives, and that
grace is <i>available</i>	for everyone.	
Similar to the doc	trine of the trinity, we belie	eve that there
is <i>one grace</i> . In ou	ır Wesleyan tradition, we s	ay that the
world experiences	God's grace in at least th	ree ways:
	grace,	grace,
and	grace. <i>There are I</i>	not three
different kinds of	grace, but three vantage p	ooints from
which we might u	nderstand how God's grac	e works in
the world.		

Prevenient Grace

• The word prevenient means "p	oreceding in time"
or "	
We believe God is creating, mo	oving, working, and loving in the world
<i>long before</i> we ever have any _ what God can do.	of who God is or
We believe God say "YES!" to a life of disciplesh	to us, wooing us, yearning for us to nip.
• Prevenient grace is an importa	ant part of our theology of cause of God's grace, they are already
a part of God's family. When we	baptize our children, we are <i>promising</i>
to raise them in the church surr	<i>rounded by believers</i> , teaching them
about our faith, until they are re	ady to make a choice about becoming
a follower of Jesus on their own.	
• It is also an important part of o	our theology for our work in
We don't belie	ve that we are "taking God" to anyone
on our missions. We believe that	t God has <i>already been working</i> in all
parts of the world since creatio	n , and we look to see where we can join
in God's great work in a particul	ar place and time.

Justifying Grace

God loves us so much that God came to earth to
perfect love, service, and sacrifice for us.
• God forgives us, saves us, and ransoms us. This is God's justifying
grace, and God is always waiting for us to have faith, to trust God as
, and to simply say "YES!" to becoming a devoted
follower of Jesus Christ.
• God doesn't when we say yeswe do. And we
must recognize that there are <i>lifestyle and behavioral choices</i> that
come with that choice.
What does the word "Lord" mean to you?

Sanctifying Grace

 Wesley believed that there would 	d be	of our
belief. He called them "marks" of	our faith. The apostle F	Paul called
them the fruit of the spirit love	e, joy, peace, patience,	kindness,
goodness, faithfulness, gentlene	ess and self-control. (Ga	I 5:22-23) W e
don't have to have the fruit of the s	spirit in order to become	Christians;
instead, we receive this fruit becau	use we have faith.	
Some faith traditions view a profe	ession of faith in Jesus a	s Lord
and Savior as the	, but we believ	e it is
the exciting	for an a	amazing
journey of discipleship.		
We believe that discipleship is Go	od moving us, or	
us into th	e image of Christ for th	ne sake
of others. This last part, for the sa	ke of others, is very impo	ortant. We
aren't just becoming like Jesus for	our own good, but for th	he good of
all of God's creation.		

• We might ask ourselves the difficult question:

If we're not moving toward becoming more like Jesus, what are we moving toward?

Looking Ahead...

Can you remember John Wesley's three "rules" that we mentioned last week:

- 1. ______
- 2. _____
- 3. _____

In our next session, we will explore what it means to stay in love with God and how we can all *participate* in the transforming work of God.

Don't forget to *pray* for your church, your pastors, and your community.

So... How did it go with reading your Bible last week?

Remember to try to read at least one chapter each day. If you're not already in the habit of reading your Bible every day, this is a great way to get started.

Monday - Read *Matthew Chapter 7*.

What is one word or phrase that stood out to you in this chapter?

Tuesday - Read Matthew Chapter 8.

What is one word or phrase that stood out to you in this chapter?

Wednesday - Read *Matthew Chapter 9*.

What is one word or phrase that stood out to you in this chapter?

Thursday - Read *Matthew Chapter 10*.

What is one word or phrase that stood out to you in this chapter?

Friday - Read *Matthew Chapter 11*.

What is one word or phrase that stood out to you in this chapter?

Saturday - Read Matthew Chapter 12.

What is one word or phrase that stood out to you in this chapter?

Session 3 Our Faith in Action

What is our mission and how do we live into it?

Pair up or get together with a few others. Spend a few moments answering the question:

"Where do you think you may have seen God at work lately?"

Take turns and make sure everyone gets a chance to share if they want to.

Staying in Love with God Means of Grace and Spiritual Disciplines

Do you remember Wesley's three rules?

1		
2.		
3.		

"A lawyer asked [Jesus] a question to test him. "Teacher, which commandment in the law is the greatest?" He said to him, "'You shall love the Lord your God with all your heart, and with all your soul, and with all your mind.' This is the greatest and first commandment. And a second is like it: 'You shall love your neighbor as yourself.' On these two commandments hang all the law and the prophets." Matthew 22:35b-40

Jesu	s told us that the most important thing	gs we could do were to
love	and love	How we stay in
love	with God is an important part of our j o	ourney of sanctification
and i	personal <i>transformation</i> as disciples of	of Jesus.

The things we do to stay in love with God are called of grace and spiritual
These are things we do <i>regularly</i> as Christians that help us to:
 who we are as disciples of Jesus. in our faith – personally and with others. the world in Christian love and hospitality
The term "means" simply reminds us that God can use things like words, prayers, actions, and even
bread and grape juice to <i>communicate grace</i> to us and allow us to <i>encounter God's presence</i> .

And the term "spiritual discipline" simply reminds us that being a follower of Jesus isn't always easy or popular and requires us to have discipline in our Christian practice.

Here are two ways we understand the *Means of Grace* and *spiritual disciplines* in our Wesleyan tradition:

Acts of Piety

(things we do to grow in our faith)

- Reading and studying the Bible
- Prayer
- Regularly attending worship
- Practicing generosity
- Meditating
- Journaling
- Fasting
- Communion
- Reading books from Christian authors and ancients in the faith
- Sharing our faith with others
- Healthy living

Acts of Mercy

(things we do in service for others)

- Taking dinner to someone
- Working in a food pantry to feed people who are hungry
- Mowing the lawn for someone who needs some help
- Visiting and caring for those who are sick and for those who cannot care for themselves
- Giving generously and addressing the needs of those who have less than yourself
- Seeking justice in the world
- Ending oppression and discrimination
- Participating in mission and outreach in our community and globally

Connectional vs Congregational How the church connects

We're not meant to live the Christia	an life in
In fact, almost every part of the tra	nsformational life of a disciple
of Jesus is meant to be <i>lived in con</i>	<i>nmunity</i> with other believers.
We're in community together here, As	
session one, Methodists have beer	
community since 1837. But we are	e not a church in isolation.
We are connected to other Christia	ans and United Methodists
throughout the world.	
Our guiding document as a church	is called <i>The Book of</i>
Discipline of the United Methodist	Church . Most people just
call it "the Discipline." The Discipl	ine beautifully states our
shared denominational	and helps guide
our understanding of theology and	<i>practice</i> as Christians in the
world. It includes instructions for h	ow a person can become
an ordained minister in the UMC. 1	•
guidance for how we should condu	ct the "" of
our local church, such as organizin	g our leadership committees,
purchasing and taking care of our l	ouildings, and managing our
finances.	

Polity [noun]

1: political organization

2: a specific form of political organization

3: a politically organized unit

4a: the form or constitution of a politically organized unit

4b: the form of government of a religious denomination

One of the most impo	rtant and interesting aspects of United
Methodist	is how <i>decisions</i> for the local
churches and the den	omination are made. Some faith traditions
are "	," which means that almost every
decision for a local ch	urch is made right there at that local church
In contrast, Auburn U	MC is part of a ""
system with other Uni	ted Methodist Churches around the world.

The UMC has always emphasized lay people answering God's call to participate actively in ministry. Our clergy are appointed by a bishop to serve the local congregations and to *equip and empower the laity for ministry* in the community.

The United Methodist Connectional System

General Conference

- Only body that can speak for the denomination or change anything in our Discipline
- Global
- Meets every four years (unless a special session is called)
- 4 lay and 4 clergy delegates sent from our AWF conference
- Bishops influence and lead, but do not vote



Jurisdiction

- We are in the Southeastern Jurisdiction.
- Primary function is to elect Bishops
- 4 lay and 4 clergy delegates sent from our AWF conference

Conference

- We are in the Alabama West Florida Conference
- Managed by an elected Bishop (Rev. David Graves)
- The Bishop ordains and appoints clergy
- Annual Conference meets every year in June (half clergy and half laity delegates)
- We elect 8 delegates for Jurisdictional Conference and 8 for General Conference



District

- Several local UMC churches grouped together primarily by geography
- We are in the Montgomery-Opelika District
- Managed by a District Superintendent (Rev. Jeff Wilson)

Local Church

- Laity provide primary leadership through committees and teams
- Clergy are appointed and are itinerate which means they work at, not for, the local church
- Responsible for worship and Christian education



As you see from the diagram, the	
is the <i>only body in the U</i>	JMC that
can speak for the denomination or change anythi	ing about
our Book of Discipline. It is a complex structure, a	and it
is a delicate and sometimes difficult process to ch	nange
something; but it requires the global church to ca	refully and
prayerfully consider our doctrine and polity.	

How are delegates chosen for General Conference?

The total number of delegates to a General Conference must consist of an equal number of clergy and lay delegates.

Lay delegates are elected by ballot by the lay members of their respective Annual Conferences. Clergy delegates are elected by ballot by the clergy members. These elections are held during sessions of the Annual Conference in the year preceding the General Conference.

The number of delegates an Annual Conference is entitled to send to a General Conference is based on two factors: the number of clergy members of the Annual Conference and the number of members of local churches in the Annual Conference.

Source: A Dictionary for United Methodists, Alan K. Waltz, Copyright 1991, Abingdon Press. Used by permission

Auburn UMC Offer, Nurture, Serve, Transform

Our mission is to make disciples of Jesus Christ for the *transformation* of the world. We do this by *offering* Christ, *nurturing* one another, and *serving* all.

This is our mission statement. You've probably seen these words (Offer, Nurture, Serve, Transform) on our church emails and publications.

Give some ideas on how we can do each of these:

Offer Christ		
Nurture One Another		
• Serve All		

Part of our challenge in the church is moving from <i>information to transformation</i> .
If the information to transformation.
What does this statement mean to you?
Break up into smaller groups and spend a few minutes
discussing this question:
We say our mission is to make disciples of Jesus for the
transformation of the world. What do you think it means to
MAKE a disciple of Jesus?
Write your thoughts here:
Choose someone from your group to share some thoughts
from your discussion with the class.

A Culture of Hospitality and Service

As followers of Jesus, we are called to create a culture of hospitality and service at Auburn UMC.

Read this passage from 1 Peter 4:7b-11:

Be serious and discipline yourselves for the sake of your prayers. Above all, maintain constant love for one another, for love covers a multitude of sins. Be hospitable to one another without complaining. Like good stewards of the manifold grace of God, serve one another with whatever gift each of you has received. Whoever speaks must do so as one speaking the very words of God; whoever serves must do so with the strength that God supplies, so that God may be glorified in all things through Jesus Christ.

What does this passage say we should do?

Maintain	f	or one anot	:her
• Be	to one anoth	ner without	
•	one another with w	hatever	each of you has received
 Speak as one 	speaking the		
Serve with th	e	that (God supplies
And why should w	e do those things?		
 So that God r 	nay be	in	things through Jesus Christ

When you join the church (or if you already joined), you will be asked if you will support Auburn UMC with your *prayers, presence, gifts, service, and witness.*

What does each of those mean to you?

Prayers:	
Witness:	
We believe that	who professes to be a follower of Jesus is
called to	participate in the ministry of a local church. We
call this idea the Priest	thood of all Believers. Everyone can do

Some are good at building things; some are good at visiting sick people and shut-ins; some love to talk about their faith; some love to teach and work with kids; some love computers and media equipment; some are just simply good at being generous.

Whatever you might enjoy or do well, God is calling you to use your gifts to offer, nurture, and serve others as we make disciples of Jesus for the transformation of the world!

Next Steps

Thank you for participating in *Embark*. We hope that you have found this class transformative to your faith and understanding of what we believe at Auburn UMC.

Here are some **NEXT STEPS** as you **Embark** on your journey as a disciple.

- Say "YES!" to God by becoming a follower of Jesus Christ...
 - Perhaps you have never professed your faith in Jesus and would like to do so. Please let us know. *We would love to talk to you and pray with you.*

Pray...

• We invite you to pray for Auburn, for our church, and for our mission of making disciples of Jesus for the transformation of the world by offering Christ, nurturing one another, and serving all.

• Read your Bible...

• See if you can carve out a little time to spend reading your Bible every day. If you are not already in a habit of reading, we recommend that you simply start in Matthew in the New Testament and *try to read at least one chapter each day*. Find a word or idea in that chapter that really seems to speak to you. If you want, write down that word and some thoughts that came to mind as you read your chapter.

Join Auburn UMC...

• If you are ready to become part of the Auburn UMC church family, we will be happy to work with you to get connected in membership.

Connect with a small group...

• The best of our Christian life can happen when we *share life with a small group* of believers. We would love to get you connected to a Sunday School class, Bible study, or other small group as soon as possible.

• Learn more about the Bible or what it means to be a faithful disciple...

- If you would like more information about any of the materials we have covered in *Embark*, please let Sarah Goolsby know. We can recommend many different types of studies.
- Join a small group study or Sunday School class.
- We will soon be offering a study called *A Disciple's Path*. It is a great next study after *Embark* to learn more about discipleship in our Wesleyan faith tradition.

• Getting connected in ministry...

- Be active with your faith. Find a way to offer, nurture, and serve. If you don't know what you can do or what the choices are, let us know. We can help you get connected.
- Here are just a few ideas of opportunities to serve...
 - Teach Sunday school for kids
 - Lead a small group of youth or college kids
 - Serve on the Wednesday Night Supper kitchen or hospitality crew
 - Serve in the Auburn UMC food pantry
 - Visit people in the hospital or shut-ins
 - Run a camera or computer for the media ministry
 - Take a mission trip or participate in a local outreach
- Look under the "Quick Links" tab at www.AUMC.net to find an online *spiritual gifts* assessment that can help you identity your gifts and some ways that you might like to serve.



offer. nurture. serve. transform.